Department of Veterans Affairs	BACK (THORACOLUMBAR SPINE) CO DISABILITY BENEFITS QUESTION	
Name of Claimant/Veteran	Claimant/Veteran's Social Security Number	Date of Examination
IMPORTANT - THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS (COMPLETING AND/OR SUBMITTING THIS FORM.	VA) WILL NOT PAY OR REIMBURSE ANY EXPENSES OR COST INCURI	RED IN THE PROCESS OF
of their evaluation in processing the Veteran's claim. VA may ob	ns Affairs (VA) for disability benefits. VA will consider the information you pro- tain additional medical information, including an examination, if necessary, to nticity of ALL questionnaires completed by providers. It is intended that this	o complete VA's review of the
Are you completing this Disability Benefits Questionnaire at th	ne request of:	
Veteran/Claimant		
Other: please describe		
Are you a VA Healthcare provider? O Yes O No		
Is the Veteran regularly seen as a patient in your clinic? (Yes No	
Was the Veteran examined in person? O Yes O No		
If no, how was the examination conducted?		
	EVIDENCE REVIEW	
Evidence reviewed: No records were reviewed Records reviewed		
Please identify the evidence reviewed (e.g. service treatment	records, VA treatment records, private treatment records) and the date rang	e.
Pack (Thereaclymber Spine) Conditions Disability Panefi	te Quastionnaire	atad an Juna 17 2022 av22 2

SECTION I - DIAC		
Note: These are condition(s) for which an evaluation has been requested on an exam reques provided for submission to VA.	t form (Internal VA) or for whi	ich the Veteran has requested medical evidence be
A. List the claimed condition(s) that pertain to this questionnaire:		
Note: These are the diagnoses determined during this current evaluation of the claimed cond previous diagnosis for this condition, or if there is a diagnosis of a complication due to the cla diagnosis can be the date of the evaluation if the clinician is making the initial diagnosis or an	imed condition, explain your	findings and reasons in the remarks section. Date of
1B. Select diagnoses associated with the claimed condition(s) (check all that apply):		
The Veteran does not have a current diagnosis associated with any claimed conditions	listed above. (Explain your fi	ndings and reasons in the remarks section)
Ankylosing spondylitis	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Degenerative arthritis	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Degenerative disc disease other than intervertebral disc syndrome (IVDS)	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Lumbosacral strain	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Intervertebral disc syndrome (Note: See VA definition of IVDS in Section XI.)	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Sacroiliac weakness	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Segmental instability Spinal fusion	ICD Code: ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis: Date of diagnosis:
Spinal stenosis	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Spondylolisthesis	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Traumatic paralysis, complete	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Vertebral dislocation	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Vertebral fracture	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Other (specify)		
Other diagnosis #1:	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Other diagnosis #2:	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Other diagnosis #3:	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
1C. If there are additional diagnoses pertaining to thoracolumbar spine conditions, list using a		
SECTION II - MEDICA	L HISTORY	
2A. Describe the history (including onset and course) of the Veteran's thoracolumbar spine co	ondition (brief summary):	
2B. Does the Veteran report flare-ups of the thoracolumbar spine?		
Yes No		
If yes, document the Veteran's description of the flare-ups he/she experiences, including the and/or extent of functional impairment he/she experiences during a flare-up of symptoms:	requency, duration, characte	ristics, precipitating and alleviating factors, severity,

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SECTION II - MEDICAL HISTORY
2C. Does the Veteran report having any functional loss or functional impairment of the joint or extremity being evaluated on this questionnaire, including but not limited to after repeated use over time?
Yes No
If yes, document the Veteran's description of functional loss or functional impairment in his/her own words.
SECTION III - RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION
There are several separate parameters requested for describing function of a joint. The question "Does this ROM contribute to a functional loss?" asks if there is a functional loss that can be ascribed to any documented loss of range of motion; and, unlike later questions, does not take into account the numerous other factors to be considered. Subsequent questions take into account additional factors such as pain, fatigue, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination. If there is pain noted on examination, it is important to understand whether or not that pain itself contributes to functional loss. Ideally, a claimant would be seen immediately after repetitive use over time or during a flare-up; however, this is not always feasible.
Information regarding joint function on repetitive use is broken up into two subsets. The first subset is based on observed repetitive use, and the second is based on functional loss associated with repeated use over time. The observed repetitive use section initially asks for objective findings after three or more repetitions of range of motion testing. The second subset provides a more global picture of functional loss associated with repetitive use over time. The latter takes into account medical probability of additional functional loss as a global view. This takes into account not only the objective findings noted on the examination, but also the subjective history provided by the claimant, as well as review of the available medical evidence.
Optimally, a description of any additional loss of function should be provided - such as what the degrees of range of motion would be opined to look like after repetitive use over time. However, when this is not feasible, an "as clear as possible" description of that loss should be provided. This same information (minus the three repetitions) is asked to be provided with regards to flare-ups.
3A. Initial ROM measurements
All Normal Abnormal or outside of normal range
Unable to test Not indicated
If "Unable to test" or "Not indicated," please explain:
If ROM is outside of "normal" range, but is normal for the Veteran (for reasons other than a back condition, such as age, body habitus, neurologic disease), please describe:
If abnormal, does the range of motion itself contribute to a functional loss?
If yes, please explain:

SECTION III -	RANGE OF MOTION (ROM)	AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION	l (continued)
Note: For any joint condition, examiners should add performed or is medically contraindicated (such as i characteristics of pain observed on examination (su	t may cause the Veteran severe pair	n or the risk of further injury), an expla	
Can testing be performed? Yes	No		
If no, provide an explanation:			
Active Range of Motion (ROM) - Perform active range	ge of motion and provide the ROM v	alues.	
Forward flexion endpoint (90 degrees):	degrees	Left lateral flexion endpoint (30 deg	, <u> </u>
Extension endpoint (30 degrees): Right lateral flexion endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees degrees	Right lateral rotation endpoint (30 d Left lateral rotation endpoint (30 de	
If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain			
Forward flexion Right latera			
			area/a) in which limitation of motion is an action!!!
If any limitation of motion is specifically attributable t attributable to the factors identified and describe.	to pain, weakness, ratigability, incoo	rdination, or other; please note the de	gree(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically
Forward flexion: Degree endpoint	(if different than above)	Left lateral flexion:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)
	(if different than above)	Right lateral rotation:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)
Right lateral flexion: Degree endpoint	(if different than above)	Left lateral rotation:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)
Passive Range of Motion - Perform passive range of	of motion and provide the ROM value	es.	
Was passive range of motion testing performed?	Yes No	If not, indicate why passive range o	f motion testing was not performed:
Medically contraindicated (e.g., it may ca motion testing because (provide explana		risk of further injury). It is not medical	ly advisable to conduct passive range of
Testing not necessary because (provide	explanation).		
Other (provide explanation).			
Explanation:			

	SECTION III - RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) A	AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION (co	ntinued)
Forward flexion endpoint (90 degree	ees): degrees	Same as active ROM	
Extension endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees	Same as active ROM	
Right lateral flexion endpoint (30 d	egrees): degrees	Same as active ROM	
Left lateral flexion endpoint (30 deg	grees): degrees	Same as active ROM	
Right lateral rotation endpoint (30 c	degrees): degrees	Same as active ROM	
Left lateral rotation endpoint (30 de	egrees): degrees	Same as active ROM	
If noted on examination, which pas	sive ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):		
Forward flexion	Right lateral flexion Right lateral	l rotation	
Extension	Left lateral flexion	rotation	
If any limitation of motion is specific attributable to the factors identified	cally attributable to pain, weakness, fatigability, incoo and describe.	rdination, or other; please note the degree	e(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically
Forward flexion:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)	Left lateral flexion:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)
	Degree endpoint (if different than above)	Right lateral rotation:	_ Degree endpoint (if different than above)
	Degree endpoint (if different than above)	Left lateral rotation:	Degree endpoint (if different than above)
Is there evidence of pain?	Yes No If yes check all that app	bly:	
Weight-bearing	Nonweight-bearing Active motion	Passive motion On re	est/non-movement
	neked deseribe in the comments hav below)		
	ecked describe in the comments box below)	Does not result in/cause functional los	S
Comments:			
Is there objective evidence of crepi			
	ized tenderness or pain on palpation of the joint or as	ssociated soft tissue? Yes	No
If yes, describe location, severity, a	and relationship to condition(s):		
	onditions Disability Benefits Questionnaire		Undated on June 17, 2022 ~v22, 2

SECTION III	- RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) A	AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION (continued)	
3B. Observed repetitive use ROM			
Is the Veteran able to perform repetitive use testing	g with at least three repetitions?	Yes No	
If no, please explain:			
Is there additional loss of function or range of motio	on after three repetitions?	Yes 🗌 No	
If yes, please respond to the following after comple			
		Left lateral flexion endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
Forward flexion endpoint (90 degrees): Extension endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees degrees	Right lateral rotation endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
Right lateral flexion endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees	Left lateral rotation endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
Select all factors that cause N/A	Pain Fatigability	Weakness Lack of endurar	nce Incoordination
this functional loss: (check all that apply)			
repeated use over time in terms of additional loss of	of range of motion. In the exam report	whether pain could significantly limit functional ability t, the examiner is requested to provide an estimate o pserved during a flare-up and/or after repeated use o	f decreased range of motion
3C. Repeated use over time			
ls the Veteran being examined immediately after re	epeated use over time?	es 🗌 No	
Does procured evidence (statements from the Vete which significantly limits functional ability with repe	eran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakr	ness, lack of endurance, or incoordination	Yes No
Select all factors that cause N/A	Pain Fatigability	Weakness Lack of endurar	nce Incoordination
this functional loss: (check all that apply) Other:			
Estimate range of motion in degrees for this joint in statements of the Veteran:	nmediately after repeated use over ti	me based on information procured from relevant sou	rces including the lay
Forward flexion endpoint (90 degrees):	degrees	Left lateral flexion endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
Extension endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees	Right lateral rotation endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
Right lateral flexion endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees	Left lateral rotation endpoint (30 degrees):	degrees
evidence (to include medical treatment records wh	en applicable and lay evidence), and to provide this estimate, the examin	ocurable information - to include the Veteran's statem the examiner's medical expertise. If, after evaluation er should explain why an estimate cannot be provide ssues not directly observed.	of the procurable and assembled
Please cite and discuss evidence. (Must be specifi	c to the case and based on all procur	able evidence):	
3D. Flare-ups			
Is the Veteran being examined during a flare-up?	Yes No		
Does procured evidence (statements from the Vete significantly limits functional ability with flare-ups?	eran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakr	ness, lack of endurance, or incoordination which	Yes No

	SECTION III	- RANGE OF	MOTION (ROM)	AND FUNCTIONAL LI	MITATION (continued)	
Select all factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)	N/A	Pain	Fatigabilit	/ Weakness	Lack of endurance	Incoordination
Estimate range of motion in deg	rees for this joint d	uring flare-ups b	ased on informatio	n procured from relevant so	ources including the lay stateme	nts of the Veteran:
Forward flexion endpoint (90 de	arees):	degre	ees	Left lateral flexion endp	oint (30 degrees):	degrees
Extension endpoint (30 degrees		degre		Right lateral rotation en		degrees
Right lateral flexion endpoint (30) degrees):	degre	ees	Left lateral rotation end	point (30 degrees):	degrees
The examiner should provide th evidence (to include medical tre data, the examiner determines t based on an examiner's shortco	atment records wh	en applicable and e to provide this e	d lay evidence), an estimate, the exam	d the examiner's medical e iner should explain why an	xpertise. If, after evaluation of the estimate cannot be provided. T	ne procurable and assembled
Please cite and discuss evidence	e. (Must be specif	ic to the case and	l based on all proc	urable evidence):		
3E. Guarding and muscle spasn	n					
Does the Veteran have localized	d tenderness, guar	ding or muscle s	pasm of the thorac	olumbar spine?		
Yes No						
Localized tenderness:						
Not resulting in abno	C C	mai spinai contot	11			
Provide description and/or	r etiology:					
Muscle spasm:						
None						
Resulting in abnorm	0	•	ır			
Unable to evaluate,	0	mai spinai contot	11			
Provide description and/or	etiology:					
	0,					
	O and itt Di	LUL D 21	Dura di la la		· · · ·	
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SECTION III - RANGE OF MOTION (RO	M) AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION	(continued)
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ing to disal above, are n	t or abnorm below: : : ubility e there add Interferen			Interferenc	Please select a ce with standing ement than nor	g [] \$	Swelling	be: d movemer	Deformit	y of disuse
ing to disal above, are n	t or abnorm below: : : ubility e there ado Interferen Less mo Other, de	ditional contributing facto nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
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above, are	e there add Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
above, are	e there add Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
above, are	e there add Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
above, are	e there add Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
above, are	e there add Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
n	Interferen Less mo Other, de	nce with sitting wement than normal escribe:		Interferenc	ce with standing	g [] \$	Swelling			-
	Less mor Other, de	vement than normal escribe:					-	d movemer		-
	Other, de	escribe:		More move	ement than nor	rmal 🗌 V	Weakened	d movemer	nt 🗌 Atrophy	of disuse
tributing fa										
tributing fa	actors of dis	sability:								
tributing fa	actors of dis	Sadility:								
		SECTION IV	MUIS			STING				
		e following scale:	- 1000	50LE 51	KENGIHIE	31110				
t uscle contr n gravity el ainst gravit	raction, bu	t no joint movement								
on/	Rate	Flexion/		ate	Side	Flexior		Rate	Flexion/	Rate
				-						Strength
					Left					
ension		Great Toe Extension	n	/5					Great Toe Extension	on /5
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		SEC	CTION IV - MUS	CLE STRENGTH	TESTING (conti	nued)		
4C. If yes, is the m	nuscle atrophy due to the	claimed condi	tion in the diagnos	sis section?				
Yes	No							
If no, provide ratio	nale:							
		i- lists d in O						
4D. For any musc corresponding	le atrophy due to a diagn g atrophied side, measure	osis listed in S	ection I, indicate s i muscle bulk.	specific location of atro	phy, providing me	asurements in centir	meters of normal	side and
Provide measuren	nents in centimeters of no	ormal side and	atrophied side, m	easured at maximum	muscle bulk.			
Circumference of	normal side:	cm	Circumference of	f atrophied side:	cm			
			SEC	TION V - REFLEX	EXAM			
5A. Rate deep ten	don reflexes (DTRs) acc	ording to the fo	llowing scale:					
0 Absent		Dist		Kasa	A			
1+ Hypoacti 2+ Normal		Right:		Knee: +	Ankle: +			
3+ Hyperact 4+ Hyperact	ive without clonus ive with clonus	Left:		Knee: +	Ankle: +			
			SECT	ION VI - SENSOR	Y EXAM			
6A. Provide result	s for sensation to light to	uch (dermatom	e) testing:					
Side	Upper Anterior T	hiah (I 2)	Thigh/	Knee (L3/4)	lowerleg/A	nkle (L4/L5/S1)	For	ot/Toes (L5)
Right		Decreased	Normal	Decreased	Normal	Decreased	Normal	Decreased
Ŭ		Absent		Absent		Absent		Absent
Left		Decreased	Normal		Normal	Decreased	Normal	Decreased Absent
0.1		Absent		Absent		Absent		Absent
Other sensory find	lings, if any:							

	SECTION VII - STRAIGHT LEG RAISING TEST
Note: This test can be performed with the Veteran seated if the pain radiates below the knee, not merely limited to the positive test suggests radiculopathy, often due to disc herr	or supine. Raise each straightened leg until pain begins, typically at 30-70 degrees of elevation. The test is positive ne back or hamstring muscles. Pain is often increased on dorsiflexion of the foot, and relieved by knee flexion. A niation.
7A. Provide straight leg raising test results:	
Right: Negative Positive Left: Negative Positive	Unable to perform Unable to perform
If "Unable to perform," please explain:	
	SECTION VIII - RADICULOPATHY
	IVDS and radiculopathy can be made by a history of characteristic radiating pain and/or sensory changes in the legs, nmetrical loss or decrease of reflexes, decreased strength and/or abnormal sensation. Electromyography (EMG) e appropriate clinical setting.
Does the Veteran have radicular pain or any other signs of Yes No If yes, complete sections 8/	
8A. Indicate symptoms' location and severity (check all that	at apply):
Note: For VA purposes, when the involvement is wholly se	ensory, the evaluation should be for the mild, or at the most, the moderate degree.
Constant pain (may be excruciating at times):	Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Intermittent pain (usually dull):	Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Paresthesias and/or dysesthesias:	Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Numbness:	Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
8B. Does the Veteran have any other signs or symptoms of	of radiculopathy?
Yes No	
If yes, describe:	
8C. Indicate nerve roots involved (check all that apply):	
Involvement of L2/L3/L4 nerve roots (femoral nerve) If checked, indicate side affected:	
Involvement of L4/L5/S1/S2/S3 nerve roots (sciatic r If checked, indicate side affected:	
Other nerves (specify nerve and side(s) affected): If checked, indicate side affected:	ht 🗌 Left 🔲 Both

SECTION VIII - RADICULOPATHY (continued)
8D. For any abnormal or positive identified neurological findings identified in Sections 4-8, explain the likely cause of those identified symptoms:
SECTION IX - ANKYLOSIS
Note: For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis is a condition in which the entire cervical spine, the entire thoracolumbar spine, or the entire spine is fixed in flexion or extension, and the ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breathing limited to diaphragmatic respiration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to nerve root stretching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neutral position (zero degrees) always represents favorable ankylosis.
9A. Is there ankylosis of the spine?
Yes No If yes, indicate severity of ankylosis:
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire spine Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire thoracolumbar spine Favorable ankylosis of the entire thoracolumbar spine
9B. Comments, if any:
SECTION X - OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES
10A. Does the Veteran have any other neurologic abnormalities or findings (other than those identified in Sections 4 - 8) related to a thoracolumbar spine condition (such as bowel or bladder problems/pathologic reflexes)?
Yes No
If yes, describe condition and how it is related:
Note: If there are neurological abnormalities other than radiculopathy, also complete appropriate questionnaire for each condition identified.
SECTION XI - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND EPISODES REQUIRING BED REST
Note: IVDS is a group of signs and symptoms due to disc herniation with compression and/or irritation of the adjacent nerve root that commonly includes back pain and sciatica (pain along the course of the sciatic nerve) in the case of lumbar disc disease, and neck and arm or hand pain in the case of cervical disc disease. Imaging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS.
11A. Does the Veteran have IVDS of the thoracolumbar spine?
Yes No
11B. If yes to question 11A above, has the Veteran had any episodes of acute signs and symptoms due to IVDS that required bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician in the past 12 months?
Yes No
If yes select the total duration over the past 12 months:
With no episodes of bed rest during the past 12 months
With episodes of bed rest having a total duration of at least 1 week but less than 2 weeks during the past 12 months
With episodes of bed rest having a total duration of at least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks during the past 12 months With episodes of bed rest having a total duration of at least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks during the past 12 months
With episodes of bed rest having a total duration of at least 4 weeks during the past 12 months
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SECTION XI - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND EPISODES REQUIRING BED REST (continued)					
11C. If yes to question 11B above, provide t	he following documentation that support	ts the yes response:			
Medical history as described by the Ve	eteran only, without documentation:				
Medical history as shown and docume	nted in the Veteran's file.				
Individual date(s) of each treatment re	cord(s) reviewed:				
Facility/provider:					
Describe treatment:					
Other, describe:					
	SECTION XII -	ASSISTIVE DEVIC	ES		
12A. Does the Veteran use any assistive de	vices as a normal mode of locomotion, a	although occasional lo	comotion by other metho	ods may be possible?	
Yes No If yes, identify	assistive devices used (check all that ap	ply and indicate freque	ency):		
	Frequency of use:	Occasional	Regular	Constant	
Brace	Frequency of use:	Occasional	Regular	Constant	
Crutches	Frequency of use:	Occasional	Regular	Constant	
	Frequency of use:	Occasional	Regular	Constant	
Walker Other:	Frequency of use: Frequency of use:	Occasional Occasional	Regular Regular	Constant Constant	
12B. If the Veteran uses any assistive device	es, specify the condition, indicate the sid	de, and identify the as	sistive device used for ea	ach condition.	
S Note: The intention of this section is to perm	ECTION XIII - REMAINING EFFEC				
amputation with fitting of a prosthesis. For e the examiner should check yes and describe amputation of the affected limb.	xample, if the functions of grasping (han	d) or propulsion (foot)	are as limited as if the V	eteran had an amputation and prosthesis,	
	ine condition, is there functional impairm ith prosthesis? (Functions of the upper			tion remains other than that which would be while functions for the lower extremity	
Yes, functioning is so diminished that	amputation with prosthesis would equal	y serve the Veteran.			
If yes, indicate extremities for which this app	lies: Right lower	Left lower	Right upper	Left upper	
For each checked extremity, identify the condition causing loss of function, describe loss of effective function and provide specific examples (brief summary):					
			provide option	(
Back (Thoracolumbar Spine) Condition				Undated on June 17, 2022 ~v22, 3	

SECTION XIV - OTHER PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS, SYMPTOMS, AND SCARS				
14A. Does the Veteran have any other pertinent physical findings, complications, conditions, signs or symptoms related to any conditions listed in the diagnosis section above?				
Yes No				
If yes, describe (brief summary):				
14B. Does the Veteran have any scars or other disfigurement of the skin related to any conditions or to the treatment of any conditions listed in the diagnosis section?				
If yes, complete appropriate dermatological questionnaire.				
14C. Comments, if any:				
SECTION XV - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING				
Note: Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or post-traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened.				
Imaging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS. Electromyography (EMG) studies are rarely required to diagnose radiculopathy in the appropriate clinical				
setting.				
15A. Have imaging studies been performed in conjunction with this examination?				
15B. If yes, is degenerative or post-traumatic arthritis documented?				
Yes No				
15C. If yes, provide type of test or procedure, date and results (brief summary):				
15D. Does the Veteran have imaging evidence of a thoracolumbar vertebral fracture with loss of 50 percent or more of height?				
Yes No N/A				
15E. Are there any other significant diagnostic test findings or results related to the claimed condition(s) and/or diagnosis(es), that were reviewed in conjunction with this examination?				
Yes No				
If yes, provide type of test or procedure, date and results (brief summary):				
15F. If any test results are other than normal, indicate relationship of abnormal findings to diagnosed conditions:				

SECTION XVI - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT					
Note: Provide the impact of only the diagnosed condition(s), without consideration of the impact of other medical conditions or factors, such as age.					
16A. Regardless of the Veteran's current employment status, do the conditions listed in the diagnosis section impact his/her ability to perform any type of occupational task (such as standing, walking, lifting, sitting etc.)?					
Yes No					
If yes, describe the functional impact of each condition, providing one or more examples:					
SECTION XVII - REMARKS					
17A. Remarks (if any – please identify the section to which the remark pertains when appropriate).					
SECTION XVIII - EXAMINER'S CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE					
CERTIFICATION - To the best of my knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, complete and current.					
18A. Examiner's signature: 18B. Examiner's printed name and title (e.g. MD, DO, DDS, DMD, Ph.D, Psy.D, NP, PA-C):					
18C. Examiner's Area of Practice/Specialty (e.g. Cardiology, Orthopedics, Psychology/Psychiatry, General Practice): 18D. Date Signed:					
18E. Examiner's phone/fax numbers: 18F. National Provider Identifier (NPI) number: 18G. Medical license number and state:					
18H. Examiner's address:					
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Released September 2022